

CIA BYLAWS

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SECTION 1 INTERPRETATION

1.01 In these Bylaws, unless the context otherwise requires,

Actuarial Board for Counseling and Discipline (1) "Actuarial Board for Counseling and Discipline" means the Actuarial Board for Counseling and Discipline established as an independent entity managed through the American Academy of Actuaries on January 1, 1992;

Actuarial Standards Board (2) [*Note: repealed Nov. 20/98*]

American Academy of Actuaries

(3) "American Academy of Actuaries" means the American Academy of Actuaries organized under the Illinois General Not for Profit Corporation Act on April 29, 1966;

American Society of Pension Actuaries (3.1) "American Society of Pension Actuaries" means the American Society of Pension Actuaries founded on October 21, 1966, with registered office in Arlington, Virginia; [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Associate "associé"

(3.1.1) "Associate" means, as of July 1, 2001, a person enrolled as an associate of the Institute. In the present Bylaws, reference to an Associate may, where the context so requires, also include a Student, as that type of enrollment existed on or before June 30, 2001, continued under the present Bylaws as an Associate;

Board "Conseil d'administration"

(3.2) "Board" means, as of July 1, 2000, the governing body of the Institute, referred to as the Council in section 6 of the *Act to Incorporate Canadian Institute of Actuaries*, S.C. 1964-65, c. 76. In the present Bylaws, reference to the Board may also include the Former Council where the context so requires;

[Adopted July 1/00]

Board Year "année-conseil"

(3.3) "Board Year" means the period between the close of two successive Annual General Meetings, and may include reference to the period between the close of two successive Annual General Meetings prior to July 1, 2000 when the Board was referred to as the Council where the context so requires;

[Adopted July 1/00]

Bylaws "statuts administratifs"

(4) "Bylaws" means the bylaws of the Institute as in effect from time to time;

Casualty Actuarial Society

(5) "Casualty Actuarial Society" means the Casualty Actuarial Society founded in 1914, with registered office in Arlington, Virginia;

Colegio Nacional de Actuarios, C.A.

(6) [*Note: repealed Nov. 20/98*]

Conference of Consulting Actuaries

(6.1) "Conference of Consulting Actuaries" means the Conference of Consulting Actuaries in Public Practice founded in 1949 and named Conference of Consulting Actuaries in 1991, with registered office in Buffalo Grove, Illinois;

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Bylaws

Correspondent "correspondant"	(7) "Correspondent" means a person enrolled as a correspondent of the Institute;
Council "Conseil"	(8) [Note: repealed July 1/00]
Director "administrateur"	(9) "Director" means a member of the Board who is not an Officer; [Modified July 1/00]
Council Year "année-conseil"	(10) [Note: repealed July 1/00]
Former Council "ancien Conseil"	(10.1) "Former Council" means the governing body of the Institute, as it existed on or before June 30, 2000, continued under the present Bylaws as the Board; [Adopted July 1/00]
General Meeting "assemblée générale"	(11) "General Meeting" means a general meeting of Members;
Institute "Institut"	(12) "Institute" means the Canadian Institute of Actuaries incorporated by the <i>Act to Incorporate Canadian Institute of Actuaries</i> , S.C. 1964-65, c. 76; [Modified July 1/00]
Member "membre"	(13) "Member" means a member of the Institute;
Offence "infraction"	(14) "Offence" means any violation of the Bylaws, standards of practice or rules of professional conduct of the Institute;
Officer "dirigeant"	(15) "Officer" means a person holding the office of President, Vice-President, Immediate Past President, or Secretary-Treasurer; [Modified July 1/00]
Respondent "intimé"	(16) "Respondent" means a Member or Student Associate with respect to whom information has been given, or against whom a complaint has been laid or a charge has been filed; [Modified July 1/00]
Society of Actuaries	(17) "Society of Actuaries" means the Society of Actuaries founded in 1949, with registered office in Schaumburg, Illinois;
Student "étudiant"	(18) "Student" means a person enrolled as a student of the Institute as that type of enrollment existed on or before June 30, 2001, continued under the present Bylaws as Associate.

Bylaws

Gender

1.02 (1) Words importing female persons include male persons and words importing male persons include female persons.

Number

(2) Words in the singular include the plural, and words in the plural include the singular.

Parts of speech and Grammatical forms (3) Where a word is defined, other parts of speech and grammatical forms of the same word have corresponding meanings.

Time limits and Holidays

1.03 (1) Where the time limited for doing an act under the Bylaws expires or falls on a Saturday, Sunday or statutory holiday, the act may be done on the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or statutory holiday.

Computation

(2) In computing the number of days between two events stipulated in the Bylaws, the day on which the first event happens is not counted, but all other days, including the day on which the second event happens are counted.

SECTION 2 CORPORATE ADMINISTRATION

Seal

Corporate seal

2.01 The corporate seal of the Institute shall be such as the Board may approve from time to time by resolution. [Modified July 1/00]

Head Office

Location of head office

2.02 The head office of the Institute shall be in the city of Ottawa in the province of Ontario.

Monies and Investments

Payment of money

2.03 All cheques, drafts or orders for the payment of money and all notes and acceptances and bills of exchange shall be signed by any person, and in such manner as the Board may designate from time to time by resolution.

[Modified July 1/00]

Receipt of money

2.04 All monies received by the Institute shall be duly deposited to the credit of the Institute in a chartered bank or trust company appointed for such purpose by the Board.

[Modified July 1/00]

Investments

2.05 The funds of the Institute may be invested by the Board in accordance with a written Statement of Investment Policy adopted by the Board by resolution each Board Year. [Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Lodging of investments

2.06 Shares and securities owned by the Institute shall be held in trust in the name of the Institute by a chartered bank or trust company, or shall be held in any other manner designated for such purpose by the Board.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Fiscal year

Fiscal year

2.07 The fiscal year of the Institute shall terminate on such date as the Board may determine from time to time by resolution. [Modified July 1/00]

Contracts, documents or instruments in writing

Signature authority

2.08 (1) Contracts, documents or instruments in writing requiring the signature of the Institute may be signed by any two members of the Board, at least one of whom shall be an Officer. All contracts, documents or instruments in writing so signed shall be binding upon the Institute without any further authorization or formality. [Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Signature by a designate

(2) In addition, the Board is authorized to appoint from time to time by resolution any person, on behalf of the Institute, either to sign contracts, documents and instruments in writing generally or to sign specific contracts, documents or instruments in writing.

[Modified July 1/00]

Facsimile signature

(3) The Board may authorize by resolution the use of a facsimile signature of any person authorized to sign on behalf of the Institute. [Modified July 1/00]

Corporate seal

(4) The corporate seal of the Institute may, when required, be affixed to contracts, documents or instruments in writing signed in accordance with this Bylaw.

Assignments, transfers, conveyances, etc.

Signature authority

2.09 (1) In particular, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any two members of the Board, at least one of whom shall be an Officer, are authorized to sell, assign, transfer, exchange, convert or convey any and all shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, rights, warrants or other securities owned by or registered in the name of the Institute and to sign and execute under the corporate seal of the Institute or otherwise all sales, assignments, transfers, exchanges, conversions, conveyances, powers of attorney and other instruments that may be necessary for the purpose of selling or conveying any such shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, rights, warrants or other securities.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Signature by a designate

(2) In addition, the Board is authorized to appoint from time to time by resolution any person, on behalf of the Institute, to perform, either generally or specifically, any of the transactions described in Bylaw 2.09(1).

[Adopted Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Remuneration

Reimbursement of expenses

2.10 The Board may establish from time to time by resolution guidelines and procedures for the reimbursement of travel and other expenses to any member of the Board, member of a Council, as established in Section 9, committee or task force of the Institute or other person undertaking services on the Institute's behalf. [Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

Reporting to the Board

2.11 All amounts paid pursuant to Bylaw 2.10 shall periodically be reported to the Board and recorded in its official proceedings. [Modified July 1/00]

Executive management

Executive Director

2.12 The Board shall appoint an Executive Director and may appoint any other executives, who may be, but need not be, Members. [Modified July 1/00]

Delegation

2.13 Except such matters as by law must be dealt with by the Board or by the Members in a General Meeting, the Board may delegate to such executives part of its power and authority to direct and manage the affairs and business of the Institute and to employ and discharge agents and employees of the Institute under the authority of the Board.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Duties

2.14 The executives shall conform to all lawful orders given to them by the Board and shall at all reasonable times give to the members of the Board or any of them, all information they may require regarding the affairs of the Institute.

[Modified July 1/00]

Discharge

2.15 Any agent or employee appointed by an executive shall be subject to discharge by the Board. [Modified July 1/00]

Remuneration

2.16 The compensation, by way of salary or otherwise, of any executive, agent or employee referred to in Bylaws 2.12 to 2.15, shall be as determined by the Officers from time to time and shall be paid out of the funds of the Institute.

[Modified March 25/98; Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 3 REQUIREMENTS OF MEMBERSHIP

Affiliation requirement

3.01 A person who is a Fellow of a designated actuarial organization, by virtue of completing the examinations of that organization, shall be deemed to meet the affiliation requirement. Such actuarial organizations shall be designated by the Board from time to time by resolution.

[Modified Jan. 1/00; Modified July 1/00]

Education requirement

3.02 A person who has successfully completed such examinations, courses and professional development requirements given or approved by the Institute, as may be prescribed by the Board, from time to time, shall be deemed to meet the education requirement. [Modified Jan. 1/00; Modified July 1/00]

Experience requirement

3.03 A person who the Eligibility and Education Council, as established in Bylaw 9.20, is satisfied has completed a three-year period of practical actuarial work experience acceptable to the Eligibility and Education Council, including such Canadian practical actuarial work experience as may be prescribed by the Board from time to time, shall be deemed to meet the experience requirement. [Modified Sept. 10/97; Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 4 MEMBERS

Members in 1986

4.01 Any Member in good standing on July 1, 1986 is deemed to have met the requirements of Section 3.

Requirements

- **4.02** (1) After July 1, 1986, a person who
- (a) makes written application for membership in the Institute,
- (b) pays an admission fee of the amount determined by the Eligibility and Education Council, as established in Bylaw 9.20, and
- (c) meets the requirements of Section 3,

shall become a Member upon approval by the Eligibility and Education Council of such application. [Modified July 1/00]

Early application

(2) The Eligibility and Education Council may conditionally approve an application for membership prior to the date on which the applicant expects to meet the requirements of Section 3. In such a case, the person will become a Member on the date on which the requirements of Bylaw 4.02(1) are met.

[Modified July 1/00]

Exception

(3) Notwithstanding the foregoing requirements, the Eligibility and Education Council may, by a vote of at least 75% of all members thereof, modify such conditions for a person for whom, owing to special and unusual circumstances, it is deemed by the Eligibility and Education Council that such conditions would be inequitable and unreasonable unless so modified.

[Modified July 1/00]

Termination of benefits

4.03 The rights, privileges and benefits that a person may have as a Member shall, if not theretofore terminated pursuant to these Bylaws, become terminated upon termination of membership.

Fellow

4.04 A Member shall be entitled to the privilege of being designated as a Fellow of the Institute. Fellows are authorized to append to their names the initials FCIA (indicating Fellow, Canadian Institute of Actuaries) or FICA (Fellow, Institut Canadien des Actuaires).

SECTION 5 STUDENTSASSOCIATES

Requirements	5.01	Any person who		
	(a)	makes written application to be enrolled as a Studentan Associate,		
	(b)	pays an admission fee of the amount determined by the Eligibility and Education Council, as established in Bylaw 9.20, and		
	(c)	has passed such examinations of the Society of Actuaries, the Casualty Actuarial Society or similar actuarial body as the Board shall determine from time to time and cause to be announced at a General Meeting,		
		be enrolled as a Student an Associate upon approval by the Eligibility Education Council of such application. [Modified July 1/00]		
Rights and privileges	5.02 the vot	(1) A Student An Associate shall not be a Member or be entitled to ing rights of Members.		
Idem	themse Actuar intende	A person who is a Student shall not publicize, or knowingly permit ation of the fact that such person is a Student. Associates may identify elves or be identified as Associates of the Canadian Institute of ites in any communication where there is reason to believe that the ed recipient of the communication will not be misled as to their cations.		
<u>Idem</u>	(2.1)	Notwithstanding Bylaw 5.02(2), Associates are not authorized to:		
	<u>(a)</u>	append to their names the title "Associate, Canadian Institute of Actuaries" or "associé, Institut Canadien des Actuaires"; or		
	<u>(b)</u>	identify themselves or be identified by the initials ACIA (indicating Associate, Canadian Institute of Actuaries) or AICA (indicating associé, Institut Canadien des Actuaires).		
Idem	(3)	A Student An Associate shall be entitled to		
	(a)	attend all General Meetings not specifically closed to Students Associates by vote of the Members or by resolution of the Board;		
	(b)	take part in any discussion at any General Meeting that Students Associates are entitled to attend;		
	(c)	receive all publications of the Institute not excepted by the Board for distribution to StudentsAssociates ; and		
	(d)	exercise and enjoy any and all other rights and privileges that the Institute or the Board shall accord Students Associates. [Modified July 1/00]		

SECTION 6 CORRESPONDENTS

Requirements

- **6.01** Any person who
- (a) makes written application to be enrolled as a Correspondent,
- (b) pays an admission fee of the amount determined by the Eligibility and Education Council, as established in Bylaw 9.20, and
- (c) either meets the affiliation requirement of Bylaw 3.01 and the experience requirement of Bylaw 3.03, or, in the opinion of the Eligibility and Education Council, is recognized as a qualified actuary in the country of such person's residence,

shall be enrolled as a Correspondent upon approval by the Eligibility and Education Council of such application. [Modified July 1/00]

Rights and privileges

6.02 (1) A Correspondent shall not be a Member or be entitled to the voting rights of Members.

Idem

(2) A person who is a Correspondent shall not publicize, or knowingly permit publication of the fact that such person is a Correspondent.

Idem

- (3) A Correspondent shall be entitled to
- (a) attend all General Meetings not specifically closed to Correspondents by vote of the Members or by resolution of the Board;
- (b) take part in any discussion at any General Meeting that Correspondents are entitled to attend;
- (c) receive all publications of the Institute not excepted by the Board for distribution to Correspondents; and
- (d) exercise and enjoy any and all other rights and privileges that the Institute or the Board shall accord Correspondents. [Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 7 ANNUAL FEES

Payment

7.01 Each Member, <u>Student-Associate</u> and Correspondent shall be required to pay, on the first day of June while a Member, <u>Student-Associate</u> or Correspondent, an annual fee in the amount determined by the Board.

[Modified July 1/00]

Exceptions

- **7.02** The Eligibility and Education Council, as established in Bylaw 9.20, may, subject to the terms and conditions the Board prescribes from time to time, waive or defer all or a portion of the said fee for a Member, Student Associate or Correspondent who
- (a) has reached the age of 70 years;
- (b) is retired;
- (c) is totally disabled;
- (d) is a full-time student in a post-secondary institution;
- (e) is at home and caring for children full-time;
- (f) is unemployed; or
- (g) is in a situation such that the Board considers waiver or deferral appropriate. [Modified March 25/98; Modified May 12/99; Modified July 1/00]

Idem

7.03 [Note: repealed March 25/98]

SECTION 8

RESIGNATION, TERMINATION AND REINSTATEMENT OF MEMBERS, STUDENTS ASSOCIATES AND

CORRESPONDENTS

Resignation

P	roce	edı	ıre

- **8.01** (1) A Member, Student Associate or Correspondent who
- (a) is not in default in payment of fees, and
- (b) against whom no complaints or charges are pending,

may resign by filing a written resignation with the Chairperson of the Eligibility and Education Council, as established in Bylaw 9.20. If such resignation is accepted by the Eligibility and Education Council, it shall become effective as of the date it was received by that Chairperson.

[Modified July 1/00]

Discretion of the Board

(2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board may in its discretion permit the resignation of a Member or <u>Student-Associate</u> against whom a complaint or charge is pending. [Modified July 1/00]

Deemed resignation

(3) Failure to respond in writing, within three months, to the Institute's request for confirmation of the continuation or cessation of the condition which has resulted in a waiver of fees, will be deemed to be a request for resignation.

Termination

Non-payment of fees

8.02 If any annual fee remains unpaid for three months, the membership or enrollment in respect of which the fee was payable shall terminate, subject to review by the Eligibility and Education Council. [Modified July 1/00]

Becoming a Member

8.03 Enrollment of a person as a Student an Associate or Correspondent shall automatically terminate upon the person becoming a Member.

Discipline

8.04 Membership in the Institute or enrollment as a Student an Associate may be terminated for any cause which is provided in Section 20 with respect to disciplinary matters.

[Modified Sept. 10/97]

Correspondent

- **8.05** Enrollment as a Correspondent may be terminated for any cause in respect of which express provision for termination is not made elsewhere in these Bylaws, if
- (a) a motion is presented at a meeting of the Eligibility and Education Council at a time when at least two-thirds of all members thereof are present; and
- (b) such motion is assented to by all members of the Eligibility and Education Council present. [Modified July 1/00]

Reinstatement

Procedure

8.06 The Eligibility and Education Council, on written application of any former Member, Student Associate or Correspondent whose membership has been terminated under the provisions of Bylaws 8.01, 8.02, 8.04 or 8.05, or under the provisions of former Bylaws that have been revised or replaced, may reinstate such Member, Student Associate or Correspondent subject to such conditions as it may prescribe.

[Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 9 COMMITTEES, TASK FORCES AND COUNCILS

Appointment of committees and task forces

Appointment	by	the
Board		

9.01 (1) The Board shall appoint a Committee on Professional Conduct pursuant to Bylaw 20.01, with such powers as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes for which this committee is appointed.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Idem

(2) The Board shall annually appoint a Tribunal Panel which shall consist of at least 15 Members, who have agreed in general terms to make themselves available for appointment to a Disciplinary Tribunal or an Appeal Tribunal. None of the President, the Vice-President, the Immediate Past President or a member of the Committee on Professional Conduct shall be members of the Tribunal Panel. The Board shall also annually appoint two members of the Tribunal Panel to act as Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel, who shall have such powers as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes for which they are appointed.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Idem

(3) The Board may appoint such committees or task forces, with such powers as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes for which these committees or task forces are appointed. [Adopted July 1/00]

Idem

(4) A committee or task force appointed by the Board shall consist of such persons as are considered by the Board to be qualified to serve on the committee or task force.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Appointment by the President

9.02 (1) The President shall appoint an Elections Committee for the election of the Officers and Directors pursuant to Bylaw 11.05, with such powers as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes for which this committee is appointed.

[Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

Idem

(2) The Board, or the Members present at a General Meeting, may instruct the President to appoint such other committees or task forces, with such powers as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes for which these committees or task forces are appointed.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Idem

(3) A committee or task force appointed by the President shall consist of such persons as are considered by the President to be qualified to serve on the committee or task force. [Adopted July 1/00]

Appointment 9.03 [Note: repealed July 1/00]

Composition 9.04 [Note: repealed July 1/00]

Appointment by the Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel **9.05** The Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel shall appoint a Committee of Adjudication in accordance with Bylaw 11.14, with such powers as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes for which this committee is appointed. This committee shall consist of such persons as are considered by the Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel to be qualified to serve on the committee.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Establishment of Councils

Establishment by the Board

9.06 The Board may establish one or more Councils, for such duties and purposes as may be prescribed by the Board or the Bylaws. [Adopted July 1/00]

Composition

9.07 Each Council shall consist of not less than six members or more than 12 members, including a Chairperson and a Vice-Chairperson. The members of a Council shall be appointed annually by the Board, and shall include two Directors.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson **9.08** Each Council shall have a Chairperson, who shall be appointed annually by the Board. Each Council shall also have a Vice-Chairperson, who shall be appointed annually by the Council from among its members. No person shall serve as Chairperson for more than three consecutive years. No person shall serve as Vice-Chairperson for more than three consecutive years.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Ex officio members

9.09 The Vice-President, the Secretary-Treasurer and the Immediate Past President shall not sit as members or *ex-officio* members of a Council. The Executive Director and the President shall sit as *ex officio* members of a Council, but shall not be entitled to vote, shall not count towards the required minimum of six members or towards the quorum for a vote on a particular item of business, and shall not act as Chairperson or Vice-Chairperson of a Council.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Quorum

9.10 The quorum of a Council for a vote on a particular item of business is 50% of the number of members thereof who have not declared themselves to be in a conflict of interest in respect of that item. [Adopted July 1/00]

Meetings

9.11 Members of a Council may hold meetings in person, by mail, by fax or by telephone. Every decision of a Council shall be taken by a majority of the members present at the meeting. In the event of a tie, the Chairperson of the meeting does not have a casting vote, and the motion is considered to be defeated.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Records

9.12 A Council shall designate one of its members to ensure that proper records of the Council are kept. [Adopted July 1/00]

Committee or task

9.13 A Council may appoint such committees or task forces as it may deem necessary or convenient for the performance of its duties. Subject to Bylaw 9.15, such committees or task forces may be provided with such powers as may be necessary or convenient for the purposes for which they are appointed.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Idem

9.14 A committee or task force appointed by a Council shall consist of such persons as are considered by the appointing Council to be qualified to serve on the committee or task force. [Adopted July 1/00]

Idem

9.15 All actions taken by committees and task forces appointed by a Council shall be subject to review and approval by the appointing Council.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Annual report to the Board

9.16 The Chairperson of a Council must make an annual report to the Board on the activities of the Council. The Chairperson of a Council shall also report to the Board at any time upon the request of the President or the Board.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Member Services Council

Establishment

9.17 The Member Services Council is hereby established. [Adopted July 1/00]

Duties and purpose

- **9.18** The Member Services Council shall have such duties as may be prescribed to it by the Board, in accordance with the following purpose:
 - (a) to promote, by any means it deems expedient, the good public relations of the Institute and the actuarial profession;
 - (b) to advance communications between the Institute and Members and Students Associates, public regulatory and judicial bodies, governments, and other members of the public; and
 - (c) to plan and supervise publications, programs and services for the benefit of Members, <u>Students-Associates</u> and the public, other than the publication of Standards of Practice and other than the planning and supervision of programs of continuing education.[*Adopted July 1/00*]

Composition and performance of duties

9.19 The composition of the Member Services Council and its performance of duties shall be in accordance with the provisions governing Councils as set forth in Bylaws 9.07 through 9.16. [Adopted July 1/00]

Eligibility and Education Council

Establishment

9.20 The Eligibility and Education Council is hereby established.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Duties and purpose

- **9.21** The Eligibility and Education Council shall have such duties as may be prescribed to it by the Board, in accordance with the following purpose:
- (a) to ensure the enforcement of eligibility and qualification requirements;
- (b) to develop education programs to advance the knowledge of Members and Students Associates; and
- (c) to provide interpretative opinions on the Rules of Professional Conduct, and present recommendations to the Board concerning the repeal, re-enactment, alteration or addition of Rules of Professional Conduct.

 [Adopted July 1/00]

Composition and performance of duties

9.22 The composition of the Eligibility and Education Council and its performance of duties shall be in accordance with the provisions governing Councils as set forth in Bylaws 9.07 through 9.16. [Adopted July 1/00]

Practice Standards Council

Establishment

9.23 The Practice Standards Council is hereby established. [Adopted July 1/00]

Duties and purpose

- **9.24** The Practice Standards Council shall have such duties as may be prescribed to it by the Board, in accordance with the following purpose:
- (a) to provide continuous review of Standards of Practice and determine whether they are in need of alteration, expansion or elimination;
- (b) to direct and manage the development of Standards of Practice in all areas of actuarial practice;
- (c) to adopt Standards of Practice, within its sole discretion and pursuant to such procedures as it deems appropriate, in all areas of actuarial practice; and
- (d) to ensure the adequate communication of Standards of Practice to Members and <u>StudentsAssociates</u>, public regulatory and judicial bodies, governments, and other members of the public.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Composition and performance of duties

9.25 The composition of the Practice Standards Council and its performance of duties shall be in accordance with the provisions governing Councils as set forth in Bylaws 9.07 through 9.16. [Adopted July 1/00]

Review by the Board

9.26 If a petition signed by at least 50 Members requesting that a Standard of Practice be reviewed is delivered to the President within 90 days after the date of adoption of the Standard of Practice by the Practice Standards Council, the Board shall review the Standard of Practice pursuant to such procedures as it deems appropriate, and may confirm, alter or annul the Standard of Practice. The review by the Board shall be completed within 90 days after the receipt of such petition, and shall be final and without appeal. In all cases, the Standard of Practice, as promulgated by the Practice Standards Council, shall remain in force from the date of adoption until completion of the review by the Board. The Board shall notify the petitioners within a reasonable period of time of its decision.

[Adopted July 1/00]

SECTION 10 MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

Annual General Meetings

10.01 (1) An Annual General Meeting shall be held in May or June each year. Other General Meetings shall be held as determined by the Board.

[Modified Sept. 10/97; Modified July 1/00]

Additional General Meetings (2) Additional General Meetings may be convened by order of the President or the Vice-President, or at the written request of five percent or more of the Members.

[Modified July 1/00]

Date, time and place

10.02 (1) The date, time and place of any General Meeting convened under Bylaw 10.01(1) shall be as determined by the Board. The date, time and place of any General Meeting under Bylaw 10.01(2) shall be as determined by the President, subject to the requirement that the General Meeting shall be held within 90 days after the order or the written request is made.

[Modified Sept. 10/97; Modified July 1/00]

Notice

(2) A notice stating the date, time and place of a General Meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted shall be given to each person entitled to attend such meeting, or entitled to notice thereof, not less than 10 or more than 40 days before the date of the meeting.

[Modified Sept. 10/97]

Omission

(3) The accidental omission to give notice of any General Meeting to, or the non-receipt of any notice by, any person entitled to the notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceedings taken at such meeting.

[Modified Sept. 10/97]

Voting

10.03 (1) Every question submitted to any General Meeting shall be decided in the first instance by a show of hands and, in the event of a tie, the Chairperson shall, both on a show of hands and at a recording of the number of votes in favour of and opposed to a motion, have a casting vote in addition to the vote the Chairperson has as a Member.

[Modified March 25/98]

Declaration of Chairperson

(2) At any General Meeting, unless a recording of the number of votes in favour of and opposed to a motion is demanded, as provided in Bylaw 10.03(4), a declaration by the Chairperson that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously or by any particular majority, or lost or not carried by a particular majority shall be conclusive evidence of the fact.

[Modified Sept. 10/97]

Choosing of Chairperson

(3) At any General Meeting, if the President is absent, or is unable or refuses to act as Chairperson, the Vice-President or failing the Vice-President, the Immediate Past President, or failing the Immediate Past President, the Secretary-Treasurer, shall take the Chair. If all Officers are absent, or are unable or refuse to act as Chairperson, the Members present at the meeting shall choose another member of the Board as Chairperson, and if no member of the Board is present or if all the members of the Board present decline to take the Chair, then the Members shall choose one of their number to be the Chairperson.

[Modified July 1/00]

Recording of the number of votes

(4) At any General Meeting a recording of the number of votes in favour of and opposed to a motion may be demanded by a minimum of 10 Members present and it shall be taken during the meeting in such a manner as the Chairperson shall direct.

[Modified Sept. 10/97]

Proxies

10.04 Voting by proxy is not permitted.

Quorum

10.05 (1) The number of Members present to constitute a quorum shall be 100 for any Annual General Meeting and 50 for any other General Meeting.

Quorum and notice required

- (2) Subject to Bylaw 10.02(3), no business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless
- (a) the requisite quorum is present at the commencement of such business; and
- (b) the requisite notice with respect to the meeting has been given to the persons entitled thereto. [Modified Sept. 10/97]

SECTION 11 THE BOARD

Requirements and Terms of Office of Members of the Board

Membership

11.01 The Board shall consist of the Officers and 12 Directors, all elected or appointed as provided in this Section. [Modified July 1/00]

Eligibility for election

11.02 (1) To be eligible for election or appointment as a member of the Board a person must be a Member who has not admitted guilt and accepted a recommendation of sanction pursuant to Bylaw 20.05 or been found guilty of an Offence by a Disciplinary Tribunal or an Appeal Tribunal in the last five years, and who has not been charged by the Committee on Professional Conduct pursuant to Bylaws 20.04(1)(c) or 20.04(1)(d) at the time of eligibility for election. [Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Idem

(2) No Director whose term of office has not expired is eligible for election to the same office. No President shall be eligible for election to the same office for a second term or to any other office. No Secretary-Treasurer whose second term of office has not expired is eligible for election to the same office.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Terms of Office

- 11.03 Unless the office is vacated earlier,
- (a) each of the President, the Vice-President and the Immediate Past President shall hold office for a period of one Board Year;
- (b) the Secretary-Treasurer shall hold office for a period of two Board Years; and
- (c) each Director shall hold office for a period of three Board Years.

 [Modified July 1/00]

Election of Members of the Board

Eligibility for voting

11.04 All Members shall be eligible to vote for members of the Board. Voting by proxy is not permitted. [Modified July 1/00]

Elections Committee

11.05 Each Board Year, at least 18 weeks before the Annual General Meeting, the President shall appoint an Elections Committee which shall consist of not less than three Members. This Elections Committee, so appointed, shall be responsible for conducting elections.

[Modified July 23/97; Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

First ballot

11.06 (1) The Elections Committee shall cause a first ballot to be prepared for nomination of candidates for Vice-President, Secretary-Treasurer and Directors, as required.

[Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

Contents of first ballot

(2) The first ballot shall provide space for the Members to indicate five choices for Vice-President and five choices for Secretary-Treasurer. The ballot shall also provide space for the Members to indicate eight choices for Directors.

[Modified March 25/98 Modified July 1/00]

Forwarding to Members

11.07 The Elections Committee shall cause the first ballot to be forwarded to each Member at least 12 weeks before the Annual General Meeting from which the election is to be effective with a requirement that, in order to be valid, it be duly completed and received by the Elections Committee before a date prescribed by the Elections Committee, which shall be at least eight weeks before the Annual General Meeting, and at least four weeks after the date on which the ballots are forwarded.

[Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

Counting of votes on the first ballot

11.08 The Elections Committee shall count the votes for Vice-President, Secretary-Treasurer and Directors on the first ballot and shall seek permission of those receiving the highest number of votes to place their names on the second ballot.

[Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

Contents of second ballot **11.09** The second ballot shall contain at least three such names for Vice-President, at least two such names for Secretary-Treasurer, if required, and at least eight such names for Directors.

[Modified July 1/00]

Forwarding to Members

11.10 At least five weeks before the Annual General Meeting, the Elections Committee shall cause the second ballot to be prepared and forwarded to each Member. The Elections Committee shall require that the second ballot, duly marked or otherwise completed in accordance with its rules and regulations, in order to be valid, be received by it before a date prescribed by the Elections Committee, which date shall be less than three weeks before the Annual General Meeting.

[Modified March 25/98]

Delays

11.11 If it appears that normal methods of communication may be interrupted, the President may, at the request of the Elections Committee, approve a delay of no more than two weeks for any of the mailing of first ballots, the return of first ballots, the mailing of second ballots and the return of second ballots.

[Modified March 25/98]

If election not completed

11.12 If, for any reason, the Elections Committee is unable to complete an election before the date of the Annual General Meeting, the Vice-President shall nevertheless assume office as President as of the close of such meeting, the Immediate Past President shall vacate office and be succeeded by the retiring President, and all Directors and all other Officers shall remain in office until such time as the election is completed.

[Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

Declaration of those elected

11.13 After counting the ballots, the Elections Committee shall declare elected those candidates receiving the highest number of votes in accordance with its rules and regulations. If any Director whose term of office has not expired is elected an Officer, the Elections Committee shall declare elected, to fill the vacancy so created among the Directors, and to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term, the candidate having the next highest number of votes from among the candidates for Directors.[Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

Irregularities in election

11.14 If a petition signed by at least five Members affirming that there have been irregularities in the election process is delivered, within seven days after the Annual General Meeting, to the Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel, the said Chairperson shall appoint a committee, to be designated a Committee of Adjudication, which shall consist of not less than five and not more than nine Members (none of whom shall be members of the Elections Committee), who shall be empowered to resolve any irregularities which may be found. The decision of the Committee of Adjudication shall be final and without appeal.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Vacancies

Vacation of Office

- **11.15** (1) The office of a member of the Board shall *ipso facto*, if not theretofore vacated, be vacated if such member
 - (a) ceases to be a Member;
- (b) resigns the office by notice in writing to the Institute; or
- (c) admits guilt and accepts a recommendation of sanction pursuant to Bylaw 20.05, is found guilty of an Offence by a Disciplinary Tribunal and the time to file a notice of appeal has expired or is found guilty of an Offence by an Appeal Tribunal.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Termination

(2) The office of a member of the Board may also be terminated by resolution at any General Meeting if notice of submission of such resolution has been given to the Members not less than 14 days before such meeting.

[Modified July 1/00]

Abstain from participating

(3) A member of the Board who has been charged by the Committee on Professional Conduct pursuant to Bylaws 20.04(1)(c) or 20.04(1)(d) shall abstain from participating in Board activities until the charge is dismissed by a Disciplinary Tribunal and no notice of appeal has been filed or until the charge is dismissed by an Appeal Tribunal. [Adopted Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Filling of vacancies

- **11.16** (1) So long as there is a quorum of members of the Board remaining in office, when a vacancy occurs in the membership of the Board, other than by expiration of term of office, or by election of a Director as an Officer, such vacancy shall be filled as follows:
- (a) in the office of the President: by the Vice-President for the balance of the current presidential term of office and one further term thereafter;
- (b) in the office of the Vice-President: by election at the next general election, at which time both a President and a Vice-President shall be elected in accordance with a procedure to be determined by the Elections Committee;
- (c) in the office of both the President and Vice-President: by appointment by the Board of one of its members to the position of President, and by election of a Member to the position of Vice-President, as described in Bylaw 11.16(1)(b);
- (d) in the office of the Immediate Past President: by appointment by the Board from among other past Presidents qualified for such office;
- (e) in the office of the Secretary-Treasurer: by appointment by the Board from among those Members qualified for such office; and
- (f) in the office of any Director: by appointment by the Board from among those Members qualified for such office.

[Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

Serving balance of term

(2) In the case of (c), (d) and (f) above, the Member elected to fill the vacancy shall serve for the balance of the current term of the office vacated. In the case (e) above, the Member elected to fill the vacancy shall serve until the next general election. Notwithstanding Bylaw 11.02, the Member appointed to fill the vacancy shall be eligible to be elected to the same office after the balance of the current term of the office vacated has been served.

[Modified July 1/00]

Filling of vacancies

- (3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the Board by reason of expiration of term of office, such vacancy shall be filled as follows:
- (a) in the office of the President: by the Vice-President;
- (b) in the office of the Immediate Past President: by the retiring President; and
- (c) in the office of any other member of the Board: by election by the Members, as provided in this Section. [Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 12 MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

Date, time and place

12.01 (1) Meetings of the Board shall be held at such dates, times and places as the Board may determine, from time to time by resolution. A meeting of the Board may also be convened by the President or the Vice-President, or by any four other members of the Board. Meetings may be held in person, by mail, by fax or by telephone.

[Modified July 1/00]

Notice

(2) Notice of the date, time and place of any meeting of the Board shall be given to each member of the Board, at least seven days before the appointed time. A member of the Board who becomes such within the period of seven consecutive days immediately preceding the meeting shall be given notice of such meeting as soon as is practicable. Meetings of the Board may be held at any date, time and place without formal notice if all the members of the Board are present, or those absent have waived notice or have signified their consent to the meeting being held in their absence to the Secretary-Treasurer.

[Modified July 1/00]

Quorum

12.02 (1) Members of the Board shall act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interest of the Institute. They shall declare to the Board any situation which places them in a position of conflict of interest in respect of any item of business and shall refuse to participate in that item.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Idem

(2) The quorum of the Board for a vote on a particular item of business is the greater of six and 50% of the number of members of the Board who have not declared themselves to be in a conflict of interest in respect of that item.

[Note: Bylaw 12.02(2) was revised September 10, 1997 to reflect a quorum of eight. This revision was not confirmed at the November 20, 1997 General Business Session and has therefore lapsed.] [Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Voting

12.03 (1) Unless provided otherwise, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes. [Modified July 1/00]

Tie

(2) In the event of a tie, the Chairperson of the meeting shall have a casting vote in addition to the vote the Chairperson has as a member.

Vacancy

12.04 The Board may act notwithstanding any vacancy in its membership provided there is a quorum, and the other requisites to the constituting of a meeting of the Board have been met.

[Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 13 DUTIES OF OFFICERS

President

13.01 The President shall

- (a) when present, preside at all meetings of the Board and all General Meetings; and
- (b) have such other powers and duties as are incidental to the office of President or as may be assigned from time to time to the President by the Board or the Bylaws. [Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Vice-President

13.02 The Vice-President shall

- (a) have all the powers and perform all the duties of the President when the President is absent, or is unable or refuses to act; and
- (b) have such other powers and duties as may be assigned from time to time to the Vice-President by the Board, the President or the Bylaws.

[Modified July 1/00]

Immediate Past President

13.03 The Immediate Past President shall have such duties as may be assigned by the President, the Board or the Bylaws. In the case of the absence of both the President and the Vice-President, or in the event of the inability or refusal of both to act, the Immediate Past President or the Secretary-Treasurer shall be designated by the Board to perform, for the time being, the duties of the President. [Modified July 1/00]

Secretary-Treasurer

13.04 The Secretary-Treasurer shall

- (a) ensure that a record of General Meetings and of meetings of the Board is kept;
- (b) ensure that notices of such meetings are sent out;
- ensure that separate rolls of Members, Students Associates and (c) Correspondents are maintained;
- with the approval of the President, conduct the correspondence of the (d) Institute;
- (e) subject to the instructions of the Board, be responsible for all records;

- (f) become custodian of the funds of the Institute;
- (g) ensure that notices of annual or other fees are sent out;
- (h) ensure that a full accounting is kept of all receipts and expenditures;
- (i) present at the Annual General Meeting a financial statement, which has been audited by a firm of chartered accountants appointed for that purpose by the Members present at a General Meeting; and
- (j) have such other powers and duties as are incidental to the role of Secretary-Treasurer or as may be assigned from time to time by the Board, the President or the Bylaws.

 [Modified July 1/00]

Treasurer

13.05 [*Note: repealed July 1/00*]

The Board may delegate

13.06 In the case of absence or inability to act of any Officer, other than the President, or for any other reason that the Board may deem sufficient, the Board may, subject to Bylaw 13.03, delegate all or any of the duties and powers of such office to any other member of the Board for the time being.

[Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 14 EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

[Note: Section 14 repealed July 1/00]

SECTION 15 ORGANIZATIONS AFFILIATED WITH OR SPONSORED BY OR OPERATING UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE INSTITUTE

Procedure

15.01 An organization, the membership of which includes defined classes of Members, Students-Associates or Correspondents, may make application to the Board to become affiliated with or sponsored by or to operate under the auspices of the Institute. The Board may approve such application, subject to such terms and conditions, and for such period, as it deems appropriate from time to time. [Modified Sept. 10/97; Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 16 RESPONSIBILITY AND INDEMNITY OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD AND OTHERS

Responsibility

16.01 No member of the Board, as such, shall be deemed to be held or be held responsible for any act, default, obligation or liability of the Institute, or for any engagement, claim, payment, loss, injury, transaction, matter or thing whatsoever relating to the Institute, unless the same shall be the result of such person's own wrongful or willful act, neglect or default. [Modified July 1/00]

Indemnity

16.02 Every member of the Board or other person who undertakes any liability on behalf of the Institute shall be indemnified and saved harmless out of the funds of the Institute against all expenses whatsoever which such member of the Board or other person sustains in connection with any action or suit that may be brought in connection with any act whatsoever done by such person in the execution of the duties of the office held by such person or in respect of any such liability.

[Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 17 INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO MEMBERS

Communication to the public

17.01 A Member, <u>Student Associate</u> or Correspondent shall be entitled to any information respecting any details or conduct of the business of the Institute, except for any information which, in the opinion of the Board, it would be inexpedient or inadvisable to communicate in the interests of the Institute or of a Member, <u>Student Associate</u> or Correspondent.

[Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

Right to inspect

17.02 A person shall have the right to inspect any document or book or register or book of account or accounting records of the Institute, only if authorized by the Board or by a resolution of the Members at a General Meeting or if required by law. [Modified March 25/98; Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 18 ADDITION TO OR AMENDMENT OR ALTERATION OF BYLAWS, RULES OR REGULATIONS

Procedure

18.01 (1) Bylaws, rules or regulations of the Institute may be repealed, re-enacted, altered, added to, or otherwise changed by the Board at a meeting thereof, provided that proper notice specifying such change shall have been given to the members of the Board and that a majority of all members of the Board are present at the meeting, and that a majority of all members of the Board concur in such change.

[Modified July 1/00]

Force and effect

(2) Every such repeal, re-enactment, alteration, addition or change by the Board shall have force and effect only until the next ensuing General Meeting, and in default of confirmation thereat, shall at and from that time cease to have validity, force or effect.

[Modified July 1/00]

Confirmation by Members (3) The Members present at a General Meeting may confirm the repeal, re-enactment, alteration, addition or other change of any said Bylaw, rule or regulation, provided that proper notice shall have been given to the Members specifying such change, and a majority of the Members, present and voting at the General Meeting, concur in the confirmation of such repeal, re-enactment, alteration, addition or other change.

Request by Members

18.02 (1) At the written request of five percent or more of the Members proposing the repeal, re-enactment, alteration, addition, or other change in the Bylaws, rules or regulations, the President shall direct the Secretary-Treasurer to give notice to the Members of such proposal. This notice shall be given to the Members at least 14 days before the next General Meeting. The proposal shall be dealt with at that meeting. [Modified July 1/00]

Confirmation by Members

(2) At the said meeting, the Members may change the Bylaws, rules or regulations, provided that not less than two-thirds of the Members present and voting at the said meeting concur in such repeal, re-enactment, alteration, addition or other change.

Notice is proof of adoption

- **18.03** (1) Publication or notice, in any form, of a Bylaw, rule, regulation or recommendation, by the Institute to Members and Students Associates,
- (a) is *prima facie* proof of its contents, of its adoption by the Board and of its confirmation by the Members where required, and
- (b) shall be deemed to be notice of its contents to Members and Students Associates. [Adopted July 23/97; Modified July 1/00]

Official notice by tribunals

(2) A Disciplinary Tribunal and an Appeal Tribunal shall take official notice of the valid adoption and confirmation of the Bylaw, rule, regulation or recommendation, as well as of its contents and of its publication, without being specially pleaded.

[Adopted July 23/97]

Certified copy

(3) In every case in which the original record could be admitted in evidence, a copy of a document, Bylaw, rule, regulation, recommendation or proceeding of the Institute purporting to be certified under the seal of the Institute and the hand of the Executive Director thereof, is admissible in evidence without proof of the seal of the Institute or of the signature or official character of the person appearing to have signed it. [Adopted July 23/97]

SECTION 19 PUBLIC PRONOUNCEMENTS OF OPINION

Subject matter 19.01 The Institute may make public pronouncements of opinion on matters

within the competence of actuaries, provided that the subject or issue has an important actuarial element or component and that the public opinion which is

expressed is primarily actuarial in its content.

Procedure 19.02 Such public pronouncements shall be made in such manner and upon

such terms and conditions as the Board may determine from time to time.

[Modified July 1/00]

SECTION 20 DISCIPLINE OF MEMBERS AND STUDENTS ASSOCIATES

Constitution and Powers of the Committee on Professional Conduct

Jurisdiction of the Committee on Professional Conduct

- **20.01** (1) The Committee on Professional Conduct is constituted to handle all disciplinary matters concerning the Institute's Members and Students Associates and to provide them with counselling and education concerning disciplinary matters. The Committee shall deal with
- (a) every complaint alleging that a Member or Student-Associate has committed an Offence:
- (b) any information that it may receive concerning the conduct of a Member or StudentAssociate; and
- (c) every general inquiry. [Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Idem

(1.1) The Committee on Professional Conduct shall also handle all disciplinary matters concerning members of bilateral organizations, as defined in Bylaw 20.14, regarding such members' practice or professional conduct in Canada in accordance with Bylaws 20.13 to 20.17 and Section 21. In Sections 20 and 21, the terms "Member", "Student Associate" and "Respondent" shall include a member of a bilateral organization for the purposes set out in Bylaws 20.13 to 20.17 and Section 21. [Adopted Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Composition and quorum

(2) The Committee on Professional Conduct shall consist of at least 10 members, including a Chairperson and one or more Vice-Chairpersons, and shall be appointed annually by the Board. Five members shall constitute a quorum of the Committee, except that seven members shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of a vote to file a charge against a Member or Student Associate.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Secretary

(3) The Chairperson of the Committee on Professional Conduct shall appoint one of the members of the Committee as the Secretary of the Committee. The Secretary shall ensure that the records of the Committee are kept.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Immediate Past President as *ex-officio* member

(4) No member of the Board shall sit as a member or *ex-officio* member of the Committee on Professional Conduct, except the Immediate Past President who shall sit as an *ex-officio* member of the Committee and shall be entitled to vote. The Immediate Past President shall count as one of the required minimum of 10 members but shall not act as Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson or Secretary of the Committee.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Conflict of interest

(5) Members of the Committee on Professional Conduct must refuse to participate in any matter in which they consider themselves to be in a position of conflict of interest. If the Chairperson or the Secretary of the Committee is in such a conflict, a Chairperson or Secretary shall be appointed by the other participating members or by the Chairperson of the Committee, as the case may be, regarding that matter.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Meetings

(6) Members of the Committee on Professional Conduct may hold meetings in person, by mail, by fax or by telephone. Every decision of the Committee shall be taken by a majority of the members present at the meeting. In the event of a tie, the Chairperson does not have a casting vote, and the motion is considered to be defeated.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Confidentiality of deliberations

(7) Except as provided in the Bylaws, the deliberations of the Committee on Professional Conduct and any of the Investigation Teams, including the records and minutes, are confidential, unless the Committee otherwise decides in relation to a particular matter. Meetings of the Committee may only be attended by members of the Committee and by any other person invited to attend by the Chairperson of the Committee. [Adopted Nov. 5/96; Modified Nov. 20/98]

Idem

(8) All persons present at a meeting of the Committee on Professional Conduct or of an Investigation Team shall be personally bound to uphold the confidentiality of the deliberations and of any information obtained in connection with such a meeting, whether verbal or in written form, and whether obtained before, during or after such a meeting.

[Adopted Nov. 5/96; Modified Nov. 20/98]

Idem

(9) If confidential information is sought from a person bound by this Section, such person shall immediately inform the Chairperson of the Committee on Professional Conduct of such a request and refrain from responding to the request unless authorised expressly by the Chairperson of the Committee, or required to do so by law or by order of a Disciplinary Tribunal or an Appeal Tribunal.

[Adopted Nov. 5/96; Modified Nov. 20/98]

General Inquiry

Inquirer

20.01.1 (1) A general inquiry may be made by any person or organization. [*Adopted Nov. 20/98*]

Content of general inquiry

(2) The Committee on Professional Conduct shall receive general inquiries on the appropriateness of the Institute's Standards of Practice, Rules of Professional Conduct or accepted actuarial practice. A general inquiry shall not refer to the identity of, or the work performed by, any Member or Student Associate. Any request or information that makes such reference shall be dealt with as a complaint or information in accordance with Section 20.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Referral

(3) A general inquiry shall be referred by the Committee on Professional Conduct to the appropriate committee of the Institute. However, if such a general inquiry is not within the mandate of a specific committee of the Institute, it shall be referred to the Officers to decide on the forum for consideration of the inquiry. [Adopted Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Response

(4) The committee or other forum to which the general inquiry is referred shall provide its response regarding the inquiry to the inquirer in writing within a reasonable period of time. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Laying of a Complaint and Providing Information

Laying of a complaint or providing information

20.02 (1) A complaint may be laid or information may be provided by any person or organization, including a bilateral organization, regarding the practice of a Member or Student Associate or regarding the practice in Canada of a member of a bilateral organization, in accordance with Bylaws 20.13 to 20.17. Every complaint or information shall be received by the Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Jurisdiction

(2) The Committee on Professional Conduct shall determine whether it has jurisdiction, pursuant to Bylaw 20.01(1), to handle the complaint or information received. If the Committee decides that the matter should be handled by a bilateral organization, the Secretary of the Committee shall forward the complaint or information to that organization. Should that organization refuse to handle the matter or should it be unclear whether the matter constitutes practice in Canada or practice in the jurisdiction of the bilateral organization, the Committee shall retain jurisdiction to handle the complaint or information received in accordance with the Bylaws.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Confidentiality agreement

(3) Where a person or an organization lays a complaint against, or provides information concerning, a Member or StudentAssociate, the Committee on Professional Conduct shall promptly request that the complainant or informant agree in writing to keep confidential any information provided to such complainant or informant on a confidential basis concerning the application of the disciplinary process, if any, to the Member or StudentAssociate. If the complainant or informant refuses or fails to provide such written agreement, the Committee shall not provide such complainant or informant with any further notification or confidential information concerning the application of the disciplinary process, if any, to the Member or StudentAssociate.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Information from complainant or informant

(4) Before deciding whether an Offence may have been committed by a Member or StudentAssociate, the Committee on Professional Conduct may communicate with the complainant or informant to obtain additional information regarding the complaint laid or information received, to the extent required to determine whether an Offence may have been committed.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Response by Member or Student Associate

(5) Before deciding whether an Offence may have been committed by a Member or StudentAssociate, the Committee on Professional Conduct may deliver a copy of the complaint laid or information received, as well as any additional information obtained pursuant to Bylaw 20.02(4), to the Member or StudentAssociate. Within 30 days of such delivery, or such greater period as the Committee may consider appropriate in the circumstances, the Member or Student Associate may provide a written response thereto or any other written explanation which may be warranted in the circumstances. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Dismissal of complaint or information

(6) Where, on the basis of all information obtained, the Committee on Professional Conduct is of the opinion that an Offence has not been committed by the Member or Student-Associate, it shall dismiss the complaint or information and shall notify the Member or Student-Associate and, subject to Bylaw 20.02(3), the complainant or informant within a reasonable period of time in writing of this decision. It shall forward a copy of the complaint laid or information received to the Member or Student-Associate. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Referring complaint to Investigation Team

(7) Where, on the basis of all information obtained, the Committee on Professional Conduct is of the opinion that an Offence may have been committed by the Member or StudentAssociate, it shall refer the complaint laid to an Investigation Team, or the Committee shall lay a complaint against the Respondent on the basis of the information received from the informant and refer such complaint to an Investigation Team. It shall notify the Respondent and, subject to Bylaw 20.02(3), the complainant or informant within a reasonable period of time in writing of this decision. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Continuing jurisdiction

(8) Any actuary who becomes disqualified from being a Member or StudentAssociate, or voluntarily ceases to be a Member or StudentAssociate, shall remain subject to the disciplinary jurisdiction of the Committee on Professional Conduct for the acts or omissions committed while being a Member or StudentAssociate.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

The Investigation Team

Appointing of Investigation Team

20.03 (1) When the Committee on Professional Conduct refers a complaint to an Investigation Team under Bylaw 20.02(7), it shall appoint the Investigation Team to carry out an investigation. Such Investigation Team shall consist of no more than three persons. No member of the Board shall act as a member of an Investigation Team. [Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Report and response from Respondent

(2) An Investigation Team shall prepare a report containing the findings of its investigation. Said report shall be transmitted to the Committee on Professional Conduct within 30 days after its completion. Once the Committee has accepted the report, it shall subsequently transmit the report to the Respondent. Within 30 days of such delivery, or such greater period as the Committee may consider appropriate in the circumstances, the Respondent may submit to the Secretary of the Committee a written response to the report of the Investigation Team or any other written explanation which may be warranted in the circumstances.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Inquiries

(3) In preparing its report, an Investigation Team may carry out such inquiries as it deems proper under the circumstances. It may interview the Respondent, the complainant and any other Member or Student-Associate or other person who may have relevant information. Any person being interviewed by an Investigation Team, including the Respondent, may be assisted or represented by legal counsel.

Production of documents

(4) In the course of its investigation, an Investigation Team may require the production of any books, documents, records or other papers relevant to the investigation and which may be in the possession or control of any Member or StudentAssociate, including the Respondent.

Offence to hinder work

- (5) It shall be an Offence for a Member or Student-Associate to
- (a) hinder in any way the work of an Investigation Team or any one of its members in the performance of its duties as carried out according to the Bylaws;
- (b) fail to respond within 30 days to an inquiry from an Investigation Team;
- (c) mislead an Investigation Team or any one of its members by concealment or by false declarations;
- (d) refuse to produce any information or document relating to an inquiry; or
- (e) refuse to let a copy be made of any relevant document.

Conduct of other Members or Associates (6) In the course of its investigation, an Investigation Team may investigate the conduct of any other Member or Student-Associate to the extent that such conduct is relevant to the matter being investigated. If, in such instance, the Investigation Team determines that an Offence may have been committed by that Member or Student-Associate, it shall recommend promptly that the Committee on Professional Conduct lay a complaint against said Member or Student-Associate. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, any further investigation of the complaint shall be conducted by the same Investigation Team. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Decisions of the Committee on Professional Conduct

Decisions

- **20.04** (1) After reviewing the report of an Investigation Team and the response provided by the Respondent, if any, the Committee on Professional Conduct shall
- (a) dismiss the complaint;
- (b) file a charge and proceed with private admonishment proceedings, pursuant to Bylaw 20.04.1;
- (c) file a charge and make a recommendation of sanction to the Respondent, subject to an admission of guilt by the Respondent, pursuant to Bylaw 20.05; or
- (d) file a charge and refer it to a Disciplinary Tribunal, pursuant to Bylaw 20.06. [Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Dismissal and letter of advice

(2) If the Committee on Professional Conduct dismisses a complaint, it shall notify the Respondent and, subject to Bylaw 20.02(3), the complainant or informant within a reasonable period of time. The notice shall be in writing and shall state the reasons for the dismissal. In addition to such notice, the Committee may send to the Respondent a letter of advice, which may include any educational or counselling materials as the Committee may consider appropriate in the circumstances. The Committee shall disclose the letter of advice only to the Respondent and shall not keep a record thereof. All those involved in the creation and production of the letter of advice shall be personally bound to secrecy.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Filing of charge and referring charge to Disciplinary Tribunal (3) If the Committee on Professional Conduct finds that a complaint is justified, and that proceedings pursuant to Bylaws 20.04.1 or 20.05 are not appropriate, it must then file a charge against the Respondent and refer it to a Disciplinary Tribunal for a hearing. The Committee shall notify the Respondent within a reasonable period of time in writing of this decision. Subject to Bylaw 20.02(3), the Committee shall notify the complainant in writing of this decision not more than 60 days before the date of the commencement of the hearing before the Disciplinary Tribunal.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Private Admonishment

Filing of charge and referring for private admonishment proceedings **20.04.1** (1) If the Committee on Professional Conduct finds, having regard to the relative gravity of the matter and the interests of the public and the Institute, that the complaint is justified and that proceedings pursuant to Bylaws 20.05 and 20.06 are not appropriate, it shall file a charge and refer it to three representatives from the Committee, chosen by the Chairperson of the Committee, for private admonishment proceedings. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Informing Respondent

(2) The Committee on Professional Conduct shall deliver the charge and a written notice of private admonishment proceedings to the Respondent within a reasonable period of time. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Attendance at informal meeting

(3) Within 60 days of such delivery, or such greater period as the Committee on Professional Conduct may consider appropriate in the circumstances, the Respondent shall personally attend an informal meeting with the representatives from the Committee in order to discuss the charge.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Absence of Respondent

(4) If the Respondent refuses or fails to attend such an informal meeting, without reasonable excuse, the Committee on Professional Conduct may refer the charge against the Respondent to a Disciplinary Tribunal for a hearing, and shall notify the Respondent within a reasonable period of time in writing of this decision. Subject to Bylaw 20.02(3), the Committee shall notify the complainant in writing of this decision not more than 60 days before the date of the commencement of the hearing before the Disciplinary Tribunal. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Right to respond

(5) At the informal meeting, the Respondent shall have an opportunity to respond to the charge. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Decision and confirmation

(6) After considering the response provided by the Respondent at the informal meeting, the representatives of the Committee on Professional Conduct shall decide whether to dismiss the charge or to issue a private admonishment, and shall forthwith inform the Respondent of the decision to dismiss the charge or shall give the Respondent a private admonishment in person. Within 15 days thereof, they shall confirm to the Respondent in writing the decision to dismiss the charge or to issue a private admonishment. They shall notify, subject to Bylaw 20.02(3), the complainant within a reasonable period of time in writing of the decision to dismiss the charge or to issue a private admonishment. They shall notify, subject to Bylaw 20.02(3), the informant within a reasonable period of time in writing of the decision to dismiss the matter. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Written confirmation

(7) The written confirmation of a private admonishment shall contain a summary of the facts, the charge filed against the Respondent, reasons for the decision and a copy of any written response and documents provided by the Respondent at the informal meeting. The written confirmation shall be signed by all three representatives of the Committee on Professional Conduct.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Confidentiality

- (8) The Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct shall ensure that a copy of the written confirmation of the private admonishment is placed in a special file for a period of five years from the date it is signed, after which time it shall be destroyed. A private admonishment shall not be disclosed and all those present at the informal meeting shall be personally bound to secrecy, subject to:
- (a) the right of the complainant to be informed pursuant to Bylaw 20.04.1(6);
- (b) the right of the members of the Committee on Professional Conduct to be informed about the private admonishment proceedings to the extent necessary for the performance of their duties; and
- (c) the right of the members of a Disciplinary Tribunal or Appeal Tribunal, in a subsequent hearing against the Respondent, to be informed about and take into consideration such private admonishment, provided the alleged Offence being considered by the Tribunal is similar in nature to the matter that was the subject of such private admonishment. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Charge and Recommendation of Sanction

Filing of charge and recommendation

- **20.05** (1) If the Committee on Professional Conduct finds, having regard to the relative gravity of the matter and the interests of the public and the Institute, that the complaint is justified and that proceedings pursuant to Bylaws 20.04.1 or 20.06 are not appropriate, it shall file a charge and make a recommendation that the Respondent, admit guilt in writing for the acts or omissions that form the basis of the charge, and accept a reprimand. In addition, the recommendations of the Committee may require that the Respondent agree to one or more of the following sanctions:
- (a) completion of one or more courses of instruction prescribed by the Committee on Professional Conduct;
- (b) payment of a fine not exceeding \$5,000;
- (c) payment of all or any part of the costs of the investigation by the Investigation Team;
- (d) such corrective or remedial action as the Committee on Professional Conduct considers appropriate. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Admission or denial of guilt

(2) The Committee on Professional Conduct shall deliver the charge and its recommendation of sanction to the Respondent. Within 30 days of such delivery, or such greater period as the Committee may consider appropriate in the circumstances, the Respondent shall, in writing, either admit guilt and accept the recommendation or decline to do so. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Informing complainant

(3) If an admission of guilt is entered and the recommendation of sanction is accepted, both in writing, by the Respondent, the Respondent shall comply with the conditions thereof, and the complainant shall be informed within a reasonable period of time in writing of the admission of guilt and the accepted recommendation of sanction.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Deemed to have declined

(4) If the Respondent fails either to admit guilt or to accept the recommendation of sanction within the period set by the Committee on Professional Conduct, the Respondent is deemed to have declined to accept the recommendation of sanction.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Declines to accept

(5) If the Respondent fails to comply with the recommendation of sanction or its terms and conditions, or if the Respondent declines to accept the recommendation of sanction, the Committee on Professional Conduct must then refer the charge against the Respondent to a Disciplinary Tribunal for a hearing, and shall notify the Respondent within a reasonable period of time in writing of this decision. Subject to Bylaw 20.02(3), the Committee shall notify the complainant in writing of this decision not more than 60 days before the date of the commencement of the hearing before the Disciplinary Tribunal.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Disciplinary Tribunal: Hearing of a Charge

Appointing of Disciplinary Tribunal

20.06 (1) The Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel shall appoint a Disciplinary Tribunal to hear a charge filed against a Member or Student Associate. If the Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel is in a position of conflict of interest or is otherwise unable to appoint a Disciplinary Tribunal, the Vice-Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel shall appoint the Disciplinary Tribunal in accordance with this Bylaw. Except as provided in Bylaw 20.06(13), a Disciplinary Tribunal shall consist of three members, two of whom shall be members of the Tribunal Panel. The third member, who shall be a retired judge, shall be the Chairperson of the Disciplinary Tribunal. In the event that two members of a Disciplinary Tribunal cannot be appointed from the Tribunal Panel, the Chairperson or the Vice-Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel may appoint a Member to sit as a member of a Disciplinary Tribunal. None of the President, the Vice-President, the Immediate Past President, the members of the Investigation Team that investigated the complaint laid against the Respondent, the Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel or the Vice-Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel shall be eligible to sit as a member of a Disciplinary Tribunal.

[Modified July 23/97; Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Conflict of interest

(2) The parties to a hearing before a Disciplinary Tribunal shall be notified by the Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel of the composition of the Disciplinary Tribunal within 10 days after its appointment. A party may request the removal of a member of the Disciplinary Tribunal, should there be a conflict of interest between said member of the Disciplinary Tribunal and one of the parties, or should a member of the Disciplinary Tribunal appear biased for any other reason under the circumstances. A member of a Disciplinary Tribunal who is aware of grounds for such member's removal must so declare forthwith. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Plea of guilt

(3) A Member or Student-Associate against whom a charge has been filed may enter a plea of guilty prior to the scheduled hearing. Such plea shall be made in writing by the Respondent or the Respondent's legal counsel to the Chairperson of the Committee on Professional Conduct or the Committee's legal counsel.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Mediation

(3.1) The Committee on Professional Conduct and the Respondent may retain the services of a mediator prior to the scheduled hearing and on mutually agreed terms and conditions. The mediator shall be an impartial person whose role is to assist the parties to communicate in good faith with each other and, where appropriate, to assist and encourage the parties to agree on a statement of facts, a recommended penalty and any other submissions and materials that may subsequently be presented to the Disciplinary Tribunal for its consideration.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Parties

(4) The Respondent shall be a party to the hearing. The Committee on Professional Conduct shall be a party to the hearing and shall conduct the prosecution before the Disciplinary Tribunal. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Right to legal counsel

(5) A party appearing before a Disciplinary Tribunal has the right to be assisted or represented by legal counsel.

Prior notice

(6) The Executive Director shall give prior notice of at least 15 days of the date, time and place of any hearing of a Disciplinary Tribunal to the parties and to their legal counsel, if known, unless a hearing date is set during a hearing, all parties being present. Approximately 15 days before the date of the commencement of the hearing before the Disciplinary Tribunal, the Executive Director shall publish a notice available to the public and the membership in such manner as the Executive Director may determine. Such notice available to the public and the membership shall include the date, time and place of the hearing of the Disciplinary Tribunal and a summary of the charge, but shall not disclose the name of the Member or Student-Associate charged.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Absence of Respondent

(7) A Disciplinary Tribunal may conduct a hearing in the absence of the Respondent if said Respondent does not appear on the date and at the time and place set out in the notice.

Hearing shall be public

(8) Except as provided herein, every hearing before a Disciplinary Tribunal shall be public. Nevertheless, of its own initiative or upon request, the Disciplinary Tribunal may, at its discretion, order that a hearing be held *in camera* or ban the publication or release of any information or document it indicates to preserve professional secrecy or to protect a person's privacy or reputation, or in the interest of public order.

In camera hearing

(9) Where an *in camera* hearing is ordered, all those present at the hearing shall be personally bound to secrecy, subject to the right of the members of the Committee on Professional Conduct and members of the Appeal Tribunal, as described below, to be informed about the proceedings to the extent necessary for the performance of their duties. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Parties, legal counsel and witnesses

(10) A Disciplinary Tribunal shall hear the parties, their legal counsel and their witnesses, may inquire into the relevant facts and may call any person to testify on such facts. The witnesses may be examined or cross-examined by the parties. A Member or Student-Associate testifying before a Disciplinary Tribunal shall be bound to answer all questions. This evidence is privileged and cannot be used against that individual before any court of justice.

Procedure and practice

(11) The practice and procedure before a Disciplinary Tribunal shall be governed by the Rules of Practice and Procedure of a Disciplinary Tribunal of the Institute. A Disciplinary Tribunal may adopt rules of procedure or practice, not in conflict with these Bylaws or the Rules of Practice and Procedure of a Disciplinary Tribunal, for the conduct of a hearing and as necessary to carry out its duties.

[Modified Nov. 19/97; Modified July 1/00]

Suspension during inquiry

(12) The Committee on Professional Conduct may request a Disciplinary Tribunal to order that the Respondent be suspended for the duration of the inquiry.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Death or incapacity of member of Tribunal

(13) If a member of a Disciplinary Tribunal dies before a decision is rendered or, for any reason, is unable to fulfill such member's duties at any stage of the process, after the expiry of 10 days of the parties being informed of the death or incapacity of the member of the Disciplinary Tribunal by the Executive Director, the remaining members of the Disciplinary Tribunal shall proceed to hear the charge and render its decision, unless within the 10 day period a party has made a request that a new member be appointed in accordance with Bylaw 20.06(1). If such a request is made, the newly constituted Disciplinary Tribunal shall proceed in the manner agreed to by the parties, or failing agreement, in the manner determined by the Disciplinary Tribunal.

[Adopted July 23/97]

Disciplinary Tribunal: Decisions

Decision

20.07 (1) After a Disciplinary Tribunal has heard the parties, their evidence and all other relevant evidence, it must then render its decision within 90 days from the date of the end of the hearing.

Powers

(2) A Disciplinary Tribunal shall decide, to the exclusion of any other court or tribunal, in the first instance, whether or not the Respondent is guilty of an Offence, except in respect of practice in the jurisdiction of a bilateral organization pursuant to Bylaws 20.13 to 20.17. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Record of hearing

(3) The Executive Director shall ensure that the record of the hearing and the decision of a Disciplinary Tribunal are placed in a special file. This record shall constitute *prima facie* proof of its contents. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Decision in writing

(4) A Disciplinary Tribunal shall record its decision in writing with reasons, and dissenting opinions, if any. The decision shall be signed by all members of the Disciplinary Tribunal. If the Disciplinary Tribunal decides that the publication or release of certain information or documents is banned, its written decision shall include this fact, and the reasons for this decision.

Decision sent to parties

(5) A Disciplinary Tribunal shall send its decision to all parties, within 10 days after the said decision has been rendered. The Committee on Professional Conduct shall notify the complainant within a reasonable period of time in writing of the decision rendered by the Disciplinary Tribunal. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Hearing on penalty

(6) In the event that the Respondent has been found guilty, the parties may then be heard by the Disciplinary Tribunal with respect to the penalty within 30 days after its decision as to whether or not the Respondent is guilty of an Offence has been rendered. The Disciplinary Tribunal shall render a decision with respect to the penalty within 15 days from the date of the end of this hearing.

[Modified March 25/98]

Costs

(7) A Disciplinary Tribunal shall have the power to order any of the parties to pay all or part of the fees and expenses of legal counsel of the other party incurred to commence and complete the proceedings. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Decision on penalty

(8) The Disciplinary Tribunal shall send its decision with respect to the penalty to all parties, within 10 days after the said decision has been rendered. The Committee on Professional Conduct shall notify the complainant within a reasonable period of time in writing of the decision with respect to the penalty rendered by the Disciplinary Tribunal.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Disciplinary Tribunal: Penalties

Penalty options

- **20.08** (1) A Disciplinary Tribunal shall impose on a Member or Student Associate found guilty of an Offence, one of the following penalties, in respect of one or more of the counts:
- (a) a reprimand;
- (b) a suspension from the Institute;
- (c) an expulsion from the Institute.

A Disciplinary Tribunal may also impose a fine on a Member or Student Associate found guilty of an Offence, in respect of one or more of the counts.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Refresher training

(2) A Disciplinary Tribunal may also require a Member or Student Associate found guilty of an Offence to serve a period of refresher training or take a refresher course or do both and may restrict or suspend the individual's right to be a Member or Student Associate during the training period or course, or both.

Terms and conditions

(3) A Disciplinary Tribunal may fix the terms and conditions of the penalties it imposes.

Implementation of penalties

(4) The penalty imposed by a Disciplinary Tribunal shall be implemented upon the expiry of the period for appeal, provided no notice of appeal is filed, in accordance with the terms and conditions indicated in the Bylaws, unless the Disciplinary Tribunal orders provisional implementation of the decision upon its receipt by the Respondent. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Payment of a sum of money

(5) When a decision of a Disciplinary Tribunal obliges a party to remit a sum of money for costs or a fine, or both, the Respondent must pay the amount in question to the Institute or the Institute must pay the amount in question to the Respondent within 10 days after the expiry of the time to appeal, provided no notice of appeal is filed, unless otherwise ordered by the Disciplinary Tribunal. Should the party fail to pay the amount within the required time, said party shall be liable to interest charges, at the prime rate of the Institute's chartered bank or trust company plus two percentage points, as well as collection costs. If the party is a Member or Student-Associate, said Member or Student-Associate, shall be automatically suspended from the Institute until such time as all amounts have been paid in full.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Appeal Tribunal: Notice of appeal, Constitution and Jurisdiction of Tribunal

Filing of notice of appeal

20.09 (1) Subject to Bylaw 20.09(5), a party before a Disciplinary Tribunal may file a notice of appeal from a decision rendered by the Disciplinary Tribunal finding the Respondent not guilty of a charge within 30 days after the receipt of said decision. If the Disciplinary Tribunal renders a decision finding the Respondent guilty of a charge, a party may file a notice of appeal from such decision or from the decision on penalty within 30 days after the receipt of the decision on penalty. The other party may file a notice of cross-appeal within 10 days after the receipt of the notice of appeal. The notice of appeal and the notice of cross-appeal shall state the decision appealed and summarily expose the reasons for which the appeal or cross-appeal is filed, and the conclusions sought. A party shall file its notice with the Secretary-Treasurer and shall send a copy to the other party within the specified delays. The Committee on Professional Conduct shall notify the complainant within a reasonable period of time in writing of the notices filed, if any.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Constitution of Appeal Tribunal (2) In the event that a notice of appeal is filed, an Appeal Tribunal shall be appointed by the Board. Except as provided in Bylaw 20.10(11), an Appeal Tribunal shall consist of three members, two of whom shall be members of the Tribunal Panel, and the third shall be a retired judge and shall be the Chairperson of the Appeal Tribunal. In the event that two members of an Appeal Tribunal cannot be appointed from the Tribunal Panel, the Board may appoint a Member who is a member of the Board at the time of appointment or a Member who is a past Officer or who was prior to 1977, a Secretary, Treasurer or Editor of the Institute to sit as a member of an Appeal Tribunal. None of the President, the Vice-President, the Immediate Past President, the members of the Investigation Team that investigated the complaint laid against the Respondent, the members of the Disciplinary Tribunal, the Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel or the Vice-Chairperson of the Tribunal Panel shall be eligible to sit as a member of an Appeal Tribunal.

[Modified July 23/97; Modified March 25/98; Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Conflict of interest

(3) The parties to a hearing before an Appeal Tribunal shall be notified by the Secretary-Treasurer of the composition of the Appeal Tribunal within 10 days after its appointment. A party may request the removal of a member of the Appeal Tribunal, should there be a conflict of interest between said member of the Appeal Tribunal and one of the parties, or should a member of the Appeal Tribunal appear biased for any other reason under the circumstances. A member of an Appeal Tribunal who is aware of grounds for such member's removal must so declare forthwith.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Jurisdiction of Appeal Tribunal

- (4) An appeal can be made to an Appeal Tribunal in respect of
- (a) a decision of a Disciplinary Tribunal ordering a temporary suspension of a Member or StudentAssociate, allowing or dismissing a charge, imposing a penalty or awarding costs; or
- (b) any other decision of a Disciplinary Tribunal, with leave of the Appeal Tribunal. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Limitation on right of appeal

(5) The Committee on Professional Conduct shall make an appeal to an Appeal Tribunal pursuant to Bylaw 20.09(4) only on a question of law or jurisdiction.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Appeal Tribunal: Hearing of an Appeal

Parties

20.10 (1) The parties before the Disciplinary Tribunal shall be the parties before the Appeal Tribunal.

Right to legal counsel

(2) Every party to the appeal has the right to be assisted or represented by legal counsel.

Suspension of implementation

(3) The filing of a notice of appeal shall suspend the implementation of the decision of the Disciplinary Tribunal, unless the Disciplinary Tribunal orders the provisional implementation thereof. However, an order for temporary suspension from the Institute shall be automatically implemented, notwithstanding appeal, unless the Appeal Tribunal decides otherwise. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Delays

(4) An Appeal Tribunal shall hear the appeal within 60 days after the delay for the filing of a notice of cross-appeal has expired, or leave has been granted, and shall render a final decision within 30 days after the end of the hearing.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Prior notice

(5) The Executive Director shall give prior notice of at least 15 days of the date, time and place of any hearing of an Appeal Tribunal to the parties and to their legal counsel, if known, unless a hearing date is set during a hearing, all parties being present. Approximately 15 days before the date of the commencement of the hearing before the Appeal Tribunal, the Executive Director shall publish a notice available to the public and the membership in such manner as the Executive Director may determine. Such notice available to the public and the membership shall include the date, time and place of the hearing before the Appeal Tribunal and a summary of the charge, but shall not disclose the name of the Member or Student-Associate charged.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Absence of a party

(6) An Appeal Tribunal may conduct a hearing in the absence of a party if said party does not appear on the date and at the time and place set out in the notice.

Hearing shall be public

(7) Except as provided herein, every hearing before an Appeal Tribunal shall be public. Nevertheless, of its own initiative or upon request, the Appeal Tribunal may, at its discretion, order that a hearing be held *in camera* or ban the publication or release of any information or document it indicates to preserve professional secrecy or to protect a person's privacy or reputation, or in the interest of public order.

In camera hearing

(8) Where an *in camera* hearing is ordered, all those present at the hearing shall be personally bound to secrecy, subject to the right of the members of the Committee on Professional Conduct to be informed about the proceedings to the extent necessary for the performance of their duties.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

No new evidence

(9) No new evidence shall be presented before an Appeal Tribunal. However, an Appeal Tribunal may, by reason of exceptional circumstances and where the ends of justice require, authorize the presentation of additional written or verbal evidence.

Procedure and practice

(10) An Appeal Tribunal shall be master of its own procedure and practice. It may adopt rules of procedure or practice, not in conflict with these Bylaws, for the conduct of a hearing and as necessary to carry out its duties.

Death or incapacity of member of Tribunal

or, for any reason, is unable to fulfill such member's duties at any stage of the process, after the expiry of 10 days of the parties being informed of the death or incapacity of the member of the Appeal Tribunal by the Executive Director, the remaining members of the Appeal Tribunal shall proceed to hear the appeal and render its decision, unless within the 10 day period a party has made a request that a new member be appointed in accordance with Bylaw 20.09(2). If such a request is made, the newly constituted Appeal Tribunal shall proceed in the manner agreed to by the parties, or failing agreement, in the manner determined by the Appeal Tribunal.

[Adopted July 23/97]

Appeal Tribunal: Decisions

Powers

20.11 (1) An Appeal Tribunal may confirm, alter or quash any decision appealed from, and render the decision which it considers should have been rendered in the first instance.

Record of hearing

(2) The Executive Director shall ensure that the record of the hearing and the decision of an Appeal Tribunal are placed in a special file. This record shall constitute *prima facie* proof of its contents. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Decision in writing

(3) An Appeal Tribunal shall record its decision in writing with reasons, and dissenting opinions, if any. The decision shall be signed by all members of the Appeal Tribunal. If the Appeal Tribunal decides that the publication or release of certain information or documents is banned, its written decision shall include this fact, and the reasons for this decision.

Decision sent to parties

(4) An Appeal Tribunal shall send its decision to all parties, within 10 days after the said decision has been rendered. The Committee on Professional Conduct shall notify the complainant within a reasonable period of time in writing of the decision rendered by the Appeal Tribunal. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Costs

(5) An Appeal Tribunal shall have the power to order any of the parties to pay all or part of the fees and expenses of legal counsel of the other party incurred to commence and complete the proceedings before the Disciplinary Tribunal and the Appeal Tribunal.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Implementation of penalties (6) The penalty imposed by an Appeal Tribunal shall be implemented upon receipt of the decision rendered by an Appeal Tribunal by the Respondent, in accordance with the terms and conditions indicated in the Bylaws.[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Payment of a sum of money

(7) When a decision of an Appeal Tribunal obliges a party to remit a sum of money for costs or a fine, or both, the Respondent must pay the amount in question to the Institute or the Institute may pay the amount in question to the Respondent within 10 days after the receipt of the decision rendered by an Appeal Tribunal by the parties, unless otherwise ordered by the Appeal Tribunal. Should the party fail to pay the amount within the required time, said party shall be liable to interest charges, at the prime rate of the Institute's chartered bank or trust company plus two percentage points, as well as collection costs. If the party is a Member or Student Associate, said Member or Student Associate shall be automatically suspended from the Institute until such time as all amounts have been paid in full.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Publication of Decisions and Reports

Decision sent to the Board

20.12 (1) The Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct shall send to the Board the admission of guilt and acceptance of a recommendation of sanction or the decision of a Disciplinary Tribunal or of an Appeal Tribunal within 10 days after the admission and acceptance or the decision of a tribunal has been made.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Notice of decision

- (2) The Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct shall ensure that a notice is prepared of the admission of guilt and acceptance of a recommendation of sanction, or of the decision of the Disciplinary Tribunal, provided no notice of appeal has been filed, or of any decision of the Appeal Tribunal. The notice shall contain
- (a) the name of the Member or Student Associate;
- (b) the principal practice address of the Member or **Student Associate**;
- (c) the specialty area in which the Member or <u>Student Associate</u> practices, if any;
- (d) the charge;
- (e) the date and a summary of the admission of guilt and acceptance of a recommendation of sanction or the decision; and
- (f) in the case of a suspension or expulsion, a heading "Notice of Suspension from the Canadian Institute of Actuaries" or "Notice of Expulsion from the Canadian Institute of Actuaries", as the case may be.[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Notice shall be published

- (3) Except as provided in Bylaws 20.12(4), 20.12(5) and 20.12(6), the Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct shall ensure that the notice is published to each Member and StudentAssociate. In the case of a suspension or expulsion, the Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct shall publish the notice to all appropriate regulators and shall publish a summary of the notice in a newspaper having general circulation in the place where the Member or Student Associate principally practices in Canada. The publication of the notice shall take place
- (a) within 60 days after the Board has received the admission of guilt and acceptance of a recommendation of sanction;
- (b) within 60 days after the expiry of the period for appeal, provided no notice of appeal has been filed; or
- (c) within 60 days after the decision of the Appeal Tribunal has been rendered. [Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Exceptions

(4) A Disciplinary Tribunal or an Appeal Tribunal may direct that the above requirements for publication of the notice be varied. However, in the case of a suspension or expulsion, a Disciplinary Tribunal or an Appeal Tribunal may not vary the requirement that the name of the Member or Student-Associate and the sanction imposed be published to each Member and Student-Associate within 60 days after the expiry of the period for appeal, provided no notice of appeal has been filed, or within 60 days after the decision of the Appeal Tribunal has been rendered. [Modified Nov. 20/98]

Powers of the Board

- (5) In the case of a decision where no suspension or expulsion has been ordered, the Board may reduce the above requirements for publication of the notice, but the Board may not
- (a) change any direction given by a Disciplinary Tribunal or an Appeal Tribunal under Bylaw 20.12(4); or
- (b) vary the requirement that the Member's or Student's Associate's name and the sanction imposed be published to each Member and StudentAssociate.

 [Modified July 1/00]

No notice to be published

(6) In the case of a decision which finds a Member or Student-Associate not guilty of a charge, no notice in relation to that charge shall be published if the Member or Student Associate so notifies the Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct within 30 days after the expiry of the period of appeal, provided no notice of appeal has been filed, or within 30 days after the decision of the Appeal Tribunal has been rendered.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Annual report to the Board

- (7) The Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct must make an annual report to the Board on the activities of the Committee on Professional Conduct, the Disciplinary Tribunals and the Appeal Tribunals. The report shall include, at a minimum.
- (a) the number and nature of complaints laid;
- (b) the number of private admonishments issued without disclosing the nature of the private admonishments or the names of the Members and Students Associates admonished;
- (c) the number and nature of admissions of guilt and acceptances of a recommendation of sanction made;
- (d) the number and nature of decisions rendered by the Committee on Professional Conduct, the Disciplinary Tribunals and the Appeal Tribunals; and
- (e) to the extent such information is made available to the Committee on Professional Conduct, the number and nature of complaints laid concerning the practice of Members and Students-Associates in the jurisdiction of bilateral organizations, as well as the number and nature of decisions rendered with respect to members of bilateral organizations who are not Members or Students-Associates relative to their practice in Canada.

 [Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Periodic report to Members

- (8) The Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct must make a periodic report, at least twice per Board Year, to each Member and Student Associate on the activities of the Committee on Professional Conduct and of Disciplinary and Appeal Tribunals. The report shall include, at a minimum,
- (a) the number and nature of complaints laid, including complaints laid concerning the practice of Members and Students-Associates in the jurisdiction of bilateral organizations;
- (b) the number and nature of charges filed which are referred to a Disciplinary Tribunal or with respect to which a recommendation of sanction is offered, without disclosing the names of the Members or <u>Students-Associates</u> charged;
- (c) the number of private admonishments issued without disclosing the nature of the private admonishments or the names of the Members and Students-Associates admonished;
- (d) any notices of admissions of guilt and acceptances of a recommendation of sanction or decisions which have been finalized since the last report; and
- (e) an explanation as to how a Member or <u>StudentAssociate</u>, who wishes to request more information about charges which have been filed or tribunal proceedings, may obtain that information.

[Modified March 25/98; Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Transitional Provisions

Application to all disciplinary proceedings

20.12.1 (1) As of November 20, 1998, the present Bylaws shall apply to all disciplinary matters, including all further steps taken in respect of complaints laid and information received on or before November 19, 1998. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Member of Committee on Discipline

(2) Every person who on November 19, 1998 was a member of the Committee on Discipline pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before November 19, 1998 shall continue to act as a member of the Committee on Professional Conduct pursuant to the present Bylaws.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Members of tribunals and Investigation Teams (3) Every person who on November 19, 1998 was a member of an Investigation Team, a Disciplinary Tribunal or an Appeal Tribunal pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before November 19, 1998 shall continue to act as if appointed under the present Bylaws.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Decision of Committee on Discipline (4) Any decision or order made by the Committee on Discipline pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before November 19, 1998 shall be accepted and deemed to have been made by the Committee on Professional Conduct pursuant to the present Bylaws.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Decisions of tribunals and Investigation Teams

(5) Any decision or order made by an Investigation Team, a Disciplinary Tribunal, or an Appeal Tribunal pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before November 19, 1998 shall remain in force pursuant to the present Bylaws.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

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International Reciprocal Arrangements

[Note: Former Bylaw 20.13 was repealed November 20, 1998 and replaced by Bylaws 20.13 to 20.17]

Entering into bilateral agreements

20.13 The Institute may enter into bilateral agreements with actuarial organizations based in a foreign jurisdiction for the purpose of dealing with disciplinary matters arising either from Members or Students-Associates practising in those foreign jurisdictions or members of those foreign actuarial organizations practising in Canada. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

"bilateral organization"

20.14 (1) For the purposes of this part regarding International Reciprocal Agreements and of Section 21, a "bilateral organization" refers to the actuarial organization responsible for profession-wide counselling and discipline in a foreign jurisdiction with which the Institute has entered into a bilateral agreement, including, for the United States of America, the Actuarial Board for Counseling and Discipline, the American Academy of Actuaries, the American Society of Pension Actuaries, the Casualty Actuarial Society, the Conference of Consulting Actuaries and the Society of Actuaries. A "non-bilateral organization" refers to an actuarial organization responsible for profession-wide counselling and discipline in a foreign jurisdiction with which the Institute has not entered into a bilateral agreement.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

"member of a bilateral organization"

(2) For the purposes of this part regarding International Reciprocal Agreements and of Section 21, a "member of a bilateral organization" refers to an individual who has been granted membership in that organization in accordance with the rules governing that organization. A "member of a non-bilateral organization" refers to an individual who has been granted membership in that organization in accordance with the rules governing that organization.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Location of practice

(3) For the purposes of this part regarding International Reciprocal Agreements and of Section 21, the location of the practice of a Member or Student-Associate or of a member of a foreign actuarial organization for the purpose of determining if the practice is in Canada is determined by the ultimate purpose of the work, which is determined by establishing the jurisdiction of the legal or regulatory requirements pursuant to which the work is performed or by establishing the jurisdiction for which the work is intended for use. The residence or physical location of the Member or Student-Associate or of the member of the foreign actuarial organization is irrelevant to the determination of the location of such person's practice.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Idem

In instances where both the Institute and the bilateral organization (4) would have investigatory jurisdiction over an individual, the Chairperson of the Committee on Professional Conduct and such Chairperson's counterpart in the bilateral organization shall agree between themselves as to which organization can provide the most appropriate forum for the investigation based on the totality of the facts of the case. Such factors as the physical location of the individual's practice, the individual's physical location and domicile, the physical location where most of the work was performed, the physical location of the work certified by the member, if any, and the preference of the member, if any, may be considered in determining the most convenient forum for the investigation. Once the forum has been established, the Institute or the bilateral organization will conduct the investigation and communicate its findings and recommendation in accordance with these Bylaws. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

No bilateral agreement; practice in foreign jurisdiction by a Member **20.15** Questions concerning the practice or professional conduct of a Member or <u>Student Associate</u> in the jurisdiction of a non-bilateral organization shall be governed by the Institute in accordance with Sections 20 and 21 of the Bylaws. In accordance with Section 21, the Member or <u>Student Associate</u> practising in such a jurisdiction shall comply with the accepted actuarial principles and practices of that jurisdiction and shall comply with the Rules of Professional Conduct of the Institute at all times. [*Adopted Nov. 20/98*]

Bilateral agreement; practice in Canada; member of bilateral organization only **20.16** (1) Questions concerning the practice or professional conduct in Canada of an individual who is not a Member or Student Associate but who is a member of a bilateral organization shall be governed by the Institute in accordance with Sections 20 and 21 of the Bylaws, except that the appropriate decision-making body of the Institute shall not make a determination regarding the penalty to be imposed. A determination of guilt or innocence rendered by a Disciplinary Tribunal may be appealed in accordance with Bylaws 20.09 to 20.11. The matter is subject to the publication requirements stipulated in Bylaw 20.12. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Bilateral agreement; practice in Canada; Member and member of bilateral organization (2) Questions concerning the practice or professional conduct in Canada of an individual who is a Member or Student-Associate and is also a member of a bilateral organization shall be governed by the Institute in accordance with Sections 20 and 21 of the Bylaws. [Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Determination of guilt by Institute

(3) A determination by the Institute that a member of a bilateral organization breached the Rules of Professional Conduct, Standards of Practice or eligibility requirements of the Institute when practising in Canada, regardless of whether that individual is also a Member or Student Associate, shall be made solely by the Institute. The Institute's determination will be deemed final by the parties to a bilateral agreement when the Institute's appeal process has been exhausted.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Communication of determination

(4) The Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct shall communicate to the bilateral organization any final determination that a member of that organization breached the Rules of Professional Conduct, Standards of Practice or eligibility requirements of the Institute when practising in Canada, regardless of whether that individual is also a Member or StudentAssociate. The Secretary of the Committee shall also provide the relevant bilateral organization with a copy of the guilty plea or the Disciplinary Tribunal and Appeal Tribunal decision(s), the Disciplinary Tribunal and Appeal Tribunal transcripts and if requested, the documents filed in evidence with the Disciplinary Tribunal and Appeal Tribunal, unless communication thereof is restricted by law or by order of the Disciplinary Tribunal or Appeal Tribunal.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Recommendation of public sanction

(5) If the Respondent pleads guilty or a Disciplinary Tribunal makes a determination that a member of a bilateral organization breached the Rules of Professional Conduct, Standards of Practice or eligibility requirements of the Institute when practising in Canada, regardless of whether that individual is also a Member or StudentAssociate, the Institute shall not recommend a specific penalty to be imposed by the bilateral organization against its member, but shall recommend that the bilateral organization consider imposing public sanctions against the member of that organization.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Bilateral agreement; practice in foreign jurisdiction; Member only; jurisdiction **20.17** (1) Questions concerning the practice or professional conduct in the jurisdiction of a bilateral organization by a Member or Student Associate who is not a member of the relevant bilateral organization shall be governed by the bilateral organization in accordance with its rules and procedures, except that the bilateral organization shall only make a determination with respect to guilt or innocence.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Bilateral agreement; practice in foreign jurisdiction; Member and member of bilateral organization (2) Questions concerning the practice or professional conduct in the jurisdiction of a bilateral organization by a Member or Student-Associate who is also a member of the relevant bilateral organization shall be governed by the bilateral organization in accordance with its rules and procedures. The bilateral organization shall make a determination of innocence, or shall make a determination of guilt and impose an appropriate penalty against its member in accordance with its rules and procedures.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Determination of guilt by bilateral organization (3) A determination by a bilateral organization that a Member or Student Associate breached the rules of professional conduct, standards of practice or eligibility requirements of that organization when practising in that jurisdiction, regardless of whether the Member or Student-Associate is also a member of that bilateral organization, shall be made solely by that organization. The bilateral organization's determination will be deemed final by the Institute when the appeal process of that organization has been exhausted.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Communication of determination

(4) The Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct shall receive from a bilateral organization any final determination that a Member or Student-Associate breached the rules of professional conduct, standards of practice or eligibility requirements of the bilateral organization when practising in its jurisdiction, regardless of whether that individual is also a member of that bilateral organization. The Secretary of the Committee shall request from that bilateral organization a copy of the decision-making body's decision(s), the hearing transcripts and the documents filed in evidence with or considered by the decision-making body in rendering its decision(s), unless communication thereof is restricted by law or by order of the decision-making body.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Recommendation of public sanction

(5) If a bilateral organization makes a determination that a Member or Student Associate breached the rules of professional conduct, the standards of practice or the eligibility requirements of the bilateral organization when practising in its jurisdiction, the Institute shall not act upon a recommendation from the decision-making body of that organization to the effect that a specific penalty be imposed by the Institute against the Member or Student Associate. The Institute shall receive a recommendation from that organization that the Institute consider imposing public sanctions against the Member or Student Associate, and shall determine an appropriate sanction for it to impose against its Member or Student Associate in accordance with the Bylaws.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

Process

- (6) More specifically, the determination of guilt by a bilateral organization in respect of a Member or Student-Associate practicing in that jurisdiction shall be received by the Secretary of the Committee on Professional Conduct and considered as a complaint indicating that an Offence has been committed, pursuant to Bylaw 20.02. All Bylaws contained in Section 20 shall be followed to the extent that they are applicable, except that:
- (a) an Investigation Team shall not investigate the complaint or prepare a report for the Committee's consideration;
- (b) the Committee's powers provided in Bylaw 20.04 shall be limited to filing a charge and issuing a private admonishment, as guilt has already been determined by the bilateral organization, filing a charge and making only a recommendation of sanction to the Respondent, as guilt has already been determined by the bilateral organization, or filing a charge and referring it to a Disciplinary Tribunal only to decide upon an appropriate penalty, as guilt has already been determined by the bilateral organization; and
- (c) the Disciplinary Tribunal shall hold a hearing with respect to the penalty within 30 days after the appointment of the Disciplinary Tribunal, based on the documents provided by the bilateral organization.

In addition, this decision on penalty may be appealed in accordance with Bylaws 20.09 to 20.11 and it is subject to the publication requirements of Bylaw 20.12.

[Adopted Nov. 20/98]

SECTION 21 COMPLIANCE

Compliance with Bylaws, Rules and Standards **21.01** A Member or Student Associate shall comply with the Bylaws, Rules of Professional Conduct, Standards of Practice and Recommendations of the Institute as they may be from time to time, and with any order or resolution made under the Bylaws, except as provided in this Section for the practice in a foreign jurisdiction. A Member or Student Associate shall, when required, fulfill any requirements established by the Institute to monitor compliance with Rules of Professional Conduct and Standards of Practice of the Institute.

[Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Compliance with foreign and CIA rules

21.02 (1) A Member or <u>Student Associate</u> practising in a foreign jurisdiction shall comply with the accepted actuarial principles and practices of the jurisdiction for which the work is performed, provided that the Rules of Professional Conduct of the Institute be complied with at all times.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

Compliance with rules and standards of bilateral organizations (2) A Member or Student-Associate practising in the jurisdiction of a bilateral organization shall comply with the rules of professional conduct, standards of practice and eligibility requirements of that bilateral organization.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

StudentAssociate; member of bilateral organization **21.03** Where the word "member" appears in the Rules of Professional Conduct of the Institute, it is to be read to include "Student Associate" and to include a member of a bilateral organization when that member is practising in Canada.

[Modified Nov. 20/98]

SECTION 22 COMMITTEE ON REVIEW

[Note: Section 22 repealed November 20, 1998]

SECTION 23 PROTECTIVE PROVISIONS

No complaint or cause of action

23.01 No Member or Student Associate shall have any lawful complaint or cause of action against the Institute, the President, or the Board, or a Council, or against the Committee on Professional Conduct, an Investigation Team, a Disciplinary Tribunal, an Appeal Tribunal, any other committee or any task force of the Institute or against any member of the said Board, Councils, tribunals, teams, committees and task forces, or against any officer, servant, agent or legal counsel of the Institute by reason of anything done or omitted to be done or any other matter or thing in respect of any complaint of professional conduct, investigation, inquiry, charge of professional misconduct, hearing, report, direction, decision, order, notice or publication made or done in good faith under Sections 20 and 21.

[Modified March 25/98; Modified Nov. 20/98; Modified July 1/00]

Confidentiality provision

23.02 Any Member or Student-Associate who, as a result of involvement in any way with the activities of the Board, the Councils, the Committee on Professional Conduct, an Investigation Team, a Disciplinary Tribunal, an Appeal Tribunal, any other committee or any task force, obtains confidential information previously unknown to the Member or Student-Associate, shall not use or disclose any such information except in the discharge of the Member's or Student's-Associate's duties and responsibilities arising from such involvement, or unless required by law to do so.

SECTION 24 TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

Decisions

24.01 Any decision made or action taken, including any resolution, appointment, determination, approval or order, pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before June 30, 2000, shall remain in force pursuant to the present Bylaws, and shall be accepted and deemed to have been made in accordance with the present Bylaws.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Member of Council / Board 24.02 Notwithstanding Bylaw 11.01, every person who on June 30, 2000 was a member of the Former Council pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before June 30, 2000, shall continue to act as a member of the Board pursuant to the present Bylaws. As a result, it is expected that the Board will be composed of 17 Directors and four Officers from July 1, 2000 to the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2001. Notwithstanding Bylaw 11.01 and in accordance with Bylaws 24.07 and 24.08, it is expected that the Board will be composed of 15 Directors and four Officers from the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2001 to the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2001 to the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2002. It is expected that the Board will be composed of 12 Directors and four Officers in accordance with Bylaw 11.01 as of the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2002. All such persons shall have the powers and perform all the duties of members of the Board pursuant to the present Bylaws.

[Adopted July 1/00]

President

24.03 The person who on June 30, 2000 was the President pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before June 30, 2000, shall assume the office of President pursuant to the present Bylaws. Notwithstanding anything in the present Bylaws, this person's term of office as President shall expire at the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2001. [Adopted July 1/00]

President-elect / Vice-President

24.04 The person who on June 30, 2000 was the President-elect pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before June 30, 2000, shall assume the office of Vice-President pursuant to the present Bylaws. Notwithstanding anything in the present Bylaws, this person shall assume the office of President at the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2001. [Adopted July 1/00]

Immediate Past President **24.05** The person who on June 30, 2000 was the Immediate Past President pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before June 30, 2000, shall assume the office of Immediate Past President pursuant to the present Bylaws. Notwithstanding anything in the present Bylaws, this person's term of office as Immediate Past President shall expire at the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2001.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Secretary-Treasurer

24.06 The person who on June 30, 2000 was the Vice-President to whom the duties of Secretary and the duties of Treasurer were assigned pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before June 30, 2000, shall assume the office of Secretary-Treasurer pursuant to the present Bylaws. Notwithstanding anything in the present Bylaws, this person's term of office as Secretary-Treasurer shall expire at the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2001.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Vice-President / Director

24.07 Notwithstanding Bylaw 11.01, any person who on June 30, 2000 was a Vice-President, other than the Vice-President to whom the duties of Secretary or the duties of Treasurer were assigned, pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before June 30, 2000, shall assume the office of Director pursuant to the present Bylaws. In addition to their powers and duties as Directors, such persons may have additional powers and perform additional duties as may be assigned to such persons by the Board or the President. Notwithstanding anything in the present Bylaws, the term of office of each such person shall be two Board Years and shall be calculated from the date each such person assumed office as Vice-President. Notwithstanding anything in the present Bylaws, should the office of such a person be vacated by reason of expiration of term of office or for any other reason, such vacancy shall not be filled. [Adopted July 1/00]

Councillor / Director

24.08 Any person who on June 30, 2000 was a Councillor pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before June 30, 2000, shall assume the office of Director pursuant to the present Bylaws. Notwithstanding anything in the present Bylaws, the term of office of each such person shall be three Board Years and shall be calculated from the date each such person assumed office as Councillor. Notwithstanding anything in the present Bylaws, it is expected that four new Directors will assume office at the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2001, and that four new Directors will assume office at the close of the Annual General Meeting in 2002.

[Adopted July 1/00]

Student / Associate

24.09 Notwithstanding anything in the present Bylaws, any person who on June 30, 2001 was enrolled as a Student of the Institute pursuant to the Bylaws as they existed on or before June 30, 2001, shall continue to be enrolled as an Associate of the Institute as of July 1, 2001 pursuant to the present Bylaws.